



## UNIVERSITATEA BABEȘ-BI Facultatea de Științe Economice și Gestiunea Afacerilor

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# DETAILED SYLLABUS General Finance

### 1. Information about the study program

1.1 University	Babeş-Bolyai University
1.2 Faculty	Faculty of Economics and Business Administration
1.3 Department	Finance
1.4 Field of study	Accounting
1.5 Program level (bachelor or master)	Master
1.6 Study program / Qualification	Accounting and Organizations

#### 2. Information about the subject

2.1 Subject title	EME063	32 General finance	
1) ) ( ource activities professor		Professor Florin Vasvari, PhD	
		Associate professor Adrian Zoicas-Ienciu, PhD	
2.3 Seminar activities professor Asso		Associate professor Adrian Zoicas-Ienciu, PhD	
2.4 Year of study	I 2.5 Semester	2 2.6 Type of assessment SE 2.7 Subject regime	CO

#### 3. Total estimated time (teaching hours per semester)

3.1 Number of hours per week	4	out of which: 3.2 course	2	3.3 seminar/laboratory	2
3.4 Total number of hours in the	56	out of which: 3.5 course	28	3.6 seminar/laboratory	28
curriculum	50	out of which. 3.3 course	20	3.0 seminar/laboratory	20
Time distribution					Hours
Study based on textbook, course support, references and notes					40
Additional documentation in the library, through specialized databases and field activities				20	
Preparing seminars/laboratories, essays, portfolios and reports					24
Tutoring				4	
Assessment (examinations)				6	
Others activities				-	

3.7 Total hours for individual study	94
3.8 Total hours per semester	150
3 9 Number of credits	6

#### 4. Preconditions (if necessary)

4.1 Curriculum	
4.2 Skills	-

#### 5. Conditions (if necessary)

5.1. For course	
development	
5.2. For seminar /	-
laboratory development	

#### 6. Acquired specific competences

Professional	• An adequate usage of concepts, theories, methods and instruments from the financial field within
competences	public and private entities;
	• Gathering, analyzing and interpreting data and information referring to different economical and
	financial problems;
	<ul> <li>Developing different works concerning economic and financial aspects of private and public</li> </ul>
	entities, operations and financial transactions.
	<ul> <li>Applying theoretical decision making rules to the direct activity within public and private</li> </ul>
	entities;
Transversal	• Applying the principles, norms and ethical values of the profession within the own work strategy
competences	in an efficient and responsible way;
	<ul> <li>Knowing, understanding, and having the capacity of analyzing and using the theories, principles</li> </ul>
	and fundamental methods of investigations specific in the case of a market economy;

#### 7. Subject objectives (arising from the acquired specific competences)

7.1 Subject's general objective	Undertanding the elementary concepts in finance, their interdependencies and the way in which they reflect in the investing practice of firms and individuals.
	Knowing and using elementary financial rationales in: asset valuation (projects, stocks, bonds), capital budgeting, the risc-return relation, CAPM model, informational efficiency, transaction costs.

#### 8. Contents

8.1 Course	Teaching methods	Observations
1. Introduction to finance: objectives, investments, firms vs individuals		1 meeting
2. The time value of money and net present value		1 meeting
3. Stock and bond valuation: annuities and perpetuities		1 meeting
4. Principles in capital budgeting		1 meeting
5. Time-varying rates of return and the yield curve	Lecture,	1 meeting
6. Uncertainty, default, and risk	debates,	1 meeting
7. A first look at investments	examples	1 meeting
8. Investor choice: risk and reward		1 meeting
9-10. The Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM)		2 meetings
11-12. Market imperfections		2 meetings
13-14. Perfect and efficient markets, and classical and behavioral finance		2 meetings
References:		

Ivo Welch, Corporate Finance. An Introduction, Prentice Hall, 2009 (or 2nd ed., 2011), available for free at http://www.afajof.org/SpringboardWebApp/userfiles/afa/file/Free%20Textbooks/Welch-ed1.pdf

1. Introduction to finance: objectives, investments, firms vs individuals 2. Rates of return, present and future values, discounting 3. Applications – perpetuities and annuities 4. Net present value, internal rate of return, profitabilityn index 5. Applications – yield curve 6. Applications – expected value, probability distributions 7-8. Risk, return, portfolio diversification 9. Estimation of CAPM inputs 10. CAPM – Empirical evidences 11-12. Applications – market imperfections: taxes and transaction costs 1 meeting 1 meeting 1 meeting 1 meeting 1 meeting 2 meetings 1 meeting 2 meetings	8.2 Seminar/laboratory	Teaching methods	Observations
3. Applications – perpetuities and annuities 4. Net present value, internal rate of return, profitabilityn index 5. Applications – yield curve 6. Applications – expected value, probability distributions 7-8. Risk, return, portfolio diversification 9. Estimation of CAPM inputs 10. CAPM – Empirical evidences  1 meeting 1 meeting 1 meeting 2 meetings 1 meeting 1 meeting 1 meeting	1. Introduction to finance: objectives, investments, firms vs individuals		1 meeting
4. Net present value, internal rate of return, profitabilityn index 5. Applications – yield curve 6. Applications – expected value, probability distributions 7-8. Risk, return, portfolio diversification 9. Estimation of CAPM inputs 10. CAPM – Empirical evidences  Debates, problem questing 1 meeting 2 meetings 1 meeting 1 meeting	2. Rates of return, present and future values, discounting		1 meeting
5. Applications – yield curve 6. Applications – expected value, probability distributions 7-8. Risk, return, portfolio diversification 9. Estimation of CAPM inputs 10. CAPM – Empirical evidences  1 meeting 2 meetings 1 meeting 1 meeting 1 meeting	3. Applications – perpetuities and annuities		1 meeting
6. Applications – expected value, probability distributions questions, 7-8. Risk, return, portfolio diversification numerical examples 1 meeting 10. CAPM – Empirical evidences 1 meeting	4. Net present value, internal rate of return, profitabilityn index	Debates,	1 meeting
7-8. Risk, return, portfolio diversification  9. Estimation of CAPM inputs  10. CAPM – Empirical evidences  2 meetings  1 meeting	5. Applications – yield curve	problem	1 meeting
9. Estimation of CAPM inputs examples 1 meeting 10. CAPM – Empirical evidences 1 meeting	6. Applications – expected value, probability distributions	questions,	1 meeting
10. CAPM – Empirical evidences 1 meeting	7-8. Risk, return, portfolio diversification	numerical	2 meetings
	9. Estimation of CAPM inputs	examples	1 meeting
11-12 Applications – market imperfections: taxes and transaction costs	10. CAPM – Empirical evidences		1 meeting
2 meetings	11-12. Applications – market imperfections: taxes and transaction costs		2 meetings
13-14. Informationa efficiency, arbitrage, event studies 2 meetings	13-14. Informationa efficiency, arbitrage, event studies		2 meetings

#### References:

Ivo Welch, Corporate Finance. An Introduction, Prentice Hall, 2009 (or 2nd ed., 2011), available for free at http://www.afajof.org/SpringboardWebApp/userfiles/afa/file/Free%20Textbooks/Welch-ed1.pdf

9. Corroboration / validation of the subject's content in relation to the expectations coming from representatives of the epistemic community, of the professional associations and of the representative employers in the program's field.

The course responsible was an active member of the financial markets analysts' profession during 2004-2007; he performed specific tasks for an important brokerage and fund management company based in Cluj-Napoca. Each year, both under and graduate students are attending practice and internship in different banks and brokerage companies. During workshops and conferences held at the faculty, the representatives of the invetsment industry are discussing with the teachers important matters in the field and challenges for the courses.

#### 10. Assessment (examination)

Type of activity	10.1 Assessment criteria		10.3 Weight in the final grade	
	Understanding and using in an appropriate manner the specific concepts in finance; The ability to comment and argue based on financial reasonings.	Written exam consisting in open questions and numerical applications	70%	
10.5 Seminar/laboratory	Applying and using the theoretical concepts in practical cases, critical thinking.	Written exam consisting in open questions and numerical applications	30%	
10.6 Minimum performance standard				

- It is necessary to obtain a minimum grade of 5 (five) in order to pass this subject;
- The grades being granted are between 1 (one) and 10 (ten);
- Students must approach each element (question, problem) within the exam sheet;
- The exam is written and takes approximately 120 minutes;